

HEALTHY WORK SURVEY for Employers

What do we do with the HWS Results?

1

Step One – Review and share your organization's Survey Report and LEARN what exposure to particular work stressors may mean to your employees and organization, using the Principles of Healthy Work.

2

Step Two – Is your organization ready for healthy work? Find out what unhealthy work is costing your organization.

3

Step Three – Some general ideas for how to reduce work stressors and a series of reports – Healthy Work Strategies – summarizing workplace research projects, programs/policies, as well as current or pending laws and regulations intended to promote healthy work.

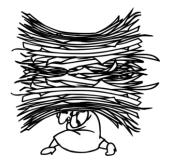


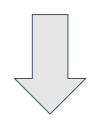
Step Four – Plan and design your own "healthy work programs/policies" with participation at all levels of your organization (especially employees).

HEALTHY RK HEALTHY PEMPIF

https://healthywork.org/employers/ /healthy-work-tools-employers/

Ideas for organizations to reduce work stressors





REDUCE JOB STRAIN



Reduce Job Demands/Workload

- Assess staffing and scheduling
- Revisit job descriptions, work hours, and tasks
- Clearly defined responsibilities and lines of reporting
- Allocate work assignments to prevent excessive demands
- Plan work carefully with employees to agree on achievable deadlines or work pace.

Case Ex: Reducing Work Stress among Hospital Workers



Enhance Job Control

- Train managers to encourage worker participation in decision-making
- Encourage workers ability to carry out tasks with more independence and autonomy.
- **❖** Evaluate manager performance in:
 - ➤ Involving all employees in discussing problems and solutions,
 - ➤ Communicating frequently with employees about important decisions and future plans,
 - ➤ Planning work carefully with employees to agree on achievable deadlines or work pace,
 - ➤ Providing employees with opportunities for learning and skills development.

Case Ex: Increasing Job Control in Call
Center Workers

^{**} Adapted from the Job Stress Intervention Guide, TWH Center for Promotion of Health in the New England Workplace, 2015

Create a Supportive Workplace

- Train managers/supervisors on effective leadership and communication.
- Organize job roles to allow employees to participate in work teams.
- Family-supportive supervisor training programs
- Include employees on labormanagement committees to discuss all issues pertaining to worker health, safety, and work stress.
- Organize peer support groups, social events.

Case Ex. <u>Improving supervisor support</u> through SHIP program



Address Work-Family Balance

- Adopt and communicate policies on fair and flexible work schedules
- Establish firm limits to avoid excessively long work hours.
- Train supervisors how to communicate and support existing work-life policies and programs.
- Expand benefits and programs to assist with managing personal and caregiving needs, including workplace breastfeeding support.
- Develop vacation or <u>sick leave</u> <u>pool</u> programs to help employees during hardship.

Case Ex. Reducing Work-Family Conflict with Family Supportive Supervisor Training



Promote Justice & Fairness

- Establish policies, training, procedures to deal with bullying, sexual harassment, discrimination and workplace violence
- ❖ Use <u>precise definitions in policies</u> and proactive steps that address the bully/perpetrator—not the target.
- Incorporate respect, fairness, diversity/inclusion into mission statement, personnel policies, and expectations for daily interactions.
- Provide training and rewards for all on respectful and fair treatment in the workplace.

Case Ex. Reducing Workplace Bullying through Respectful Workplace Policy





- Extend the same pay and benefits to non-standard employees that are offered to similar status permanent employees.
- Include all non-standard employees in workplace health and safety training programs.
- Avoid "on-call scheduling" and give an employee reasonable advance notice of their schedule.

Case Ex. <u>Improving job security for non-tenure University faculty and assistants</u>



Limit Long Work Hours

- Establish firm limits/norms to avoid excessively long work hours.
- Redesign the work schedule, redistribute the workload, or offer longer recovery times.
- Avoid frequent rotations between night and day shifts.

Case Ex. Improving schedules and recovery time: Copenhagen Bus Driver Study

Improve Rewards

- Pay all low-wage workers at least a "living wage."
- Provide benefits, vacation or family/<u>sick leave</u> to all employees.
- Provide fair promotion opportunities Case Ex. <u>Airport workers gain better pay</u>, <u>benefits and schedules</u>

